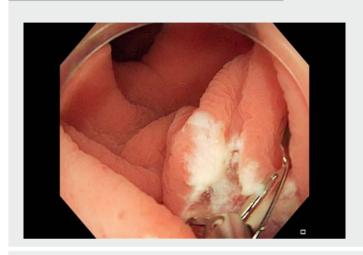
Underwater clipping in the colon







Video 1 Underwater clipping after colonic polypectomy in a 72-year-old man.

Clipping closure of large mucosal defects in the gastrointestinal tract can be difficult and time consuming, and sometimes requires many clips as the mucosa surrounding the defect stretches following endoscopic mucosal resection (EMR). Techniques utilizing the underwater method have been increasingly used in various endoscopic procedures [1–3]. Its application in clipping has been reported in large colonic and duodenal endoscopic submucosal dissection [4]. Here, we demonstrate the use of underwater clipping after EMR in the colon (Video 1).

A 72-year-old man underwent a screening colonoscopy in which a 15-mm sessile elevated polyp (laterally spreading tumor, nongranular type) was discovered in the ascending colon (> Fig. 1). Narrow-band imaging revealed adenoma with no invasive findings (> Fig. 2). En bloc underwater EMR was performed using a bipolar snare (Dragonare; Zeon Medical Inc., Tokyo, Japan) (> Fig. 3). After the defect had been examined, and confirmation had been obtained with

carbon dioxide that there was no perforation, the lumen was filled with saline. The tension of the mucosa around the defect decreased and the mucosa floated (> Fig.4). The defect size decreased, making it easier to catch the mucosa with the clips (SureClip; Micro-Tech, Nanjing, China). The defect was completely closed with four clips (> Fig.5). Underwater clipping was easier than the conventional under-gas method; it reduced both the procedure time and the number of clips.

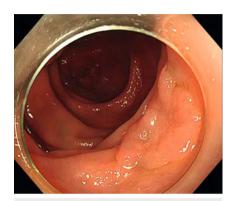
Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AQ_2AZ

Acknowledgments

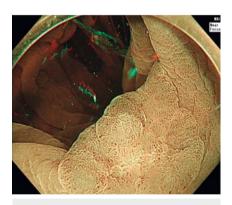
We would like to thank Editage (www.editage.com) for English language editing.

Competing interests

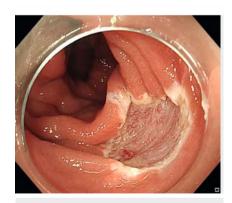
The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.



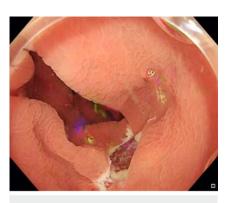
▶ Fig. 1 A 15-mm sessile elevated polyp (laterally spreading tumor, nongranular type) in the ascending colon of a 72-year-old man.



► Fig. 2 Narrow-band imaging of the polyp.



► Fig. 3 Mucosal defect after endoscopic mucosal resection.



► Fig. 4 The size of the defect decreased in the water.



► Fig. 5 The defect was completely closed with four clips.

The authors

Shunsuke Yamamoto¹ Adolfo Parra-Blanco²

- Department of Gastroenterology and
 Hepatology, National Hospital Organization
 Osaka National Hospital, Osaka, Japan
- 2 NHR Nottingham Biomedical Research Centre, Department of Gastroenterology, Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust and University of Nottingham, Nottingham, UK

Corresponding author

Shunsuke Yamamoto, MD, PhD, FJGES 2-1-14 Houenzaka, Chuo-ku, Osaka, 540-0006, Japan shun0515suke@gmail.com

References

- [1] Binmoeller KF, Weilert F, Shah J et al. 'Underwater' EMR without submucosal injection for large sessile colorectal polyps (with video). Gastrointest Endosc 2012; 75: 1086–1091
- [2] Yamamoto S, Ishida H, Mita E. Acetic acidassisted underwater endoscopic mucosal resection for successful resection of sessile serrated lesions. Endoscopy 2022; 54: E508–E509

- [3] Yamamoto S, Parra-Blanco A. Underwater endoloop-assisted endoscopic resection for colorectal pedunculated polyps. Endoscopy 2022; 54: E835–E836
- [4] Yamasaki Y, Harada K, Oka S et al. Feasibility of underwater clip closure for large mucosal defects after colorectal endoscopic submucosal dissection. Digestion 2019; 99: 327– 332

Citation Format

Endoscopy Endoscopy 2023; 55 (S01); E422–E423. doi: 10.1055/a-2011-5900.

Bibliography

Endoscopy 2023; 55: 681–682 DOI 10.1055/a-2055-7402 ISSN 0013-726X © 2023. The Author(s).

This is an open access article published by Thieme under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonDerivative-NonCommercial License, permitting copying and reproduction so long as the original work is given appropriate credit. Contents may not be used for commercial purposes, or adapted, remixed, transformed or built upon. (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/)

Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Rüdigerstraße 14, 70469 Stuttgart, Germany

