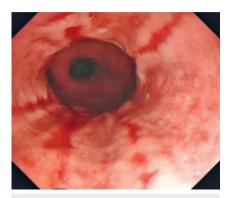
Combining transoral fundoplication and robotic cruroplasty: a novel robotic-assisted endoscopy





► Fig. 1 Endoscopy showing hiatal hernia with grade D esophagitis.



▶ Video 1 Combining transoral fundoplication and robotic cruroplasty: a novel robotic-assisted endoscopy.

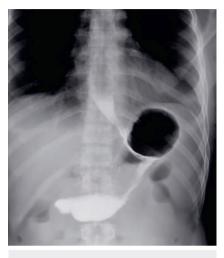
A 34-year-old man with severe gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) and grade D esophagitis combined with a large hiatal hernia did not fully respond to medication and lifestyle changes. As a result, it was decided to pursue a combined endoscopic and surgical approach. This report evaluates the feasibility and effectiveness of robotic-assisted hiatal hernia repair combined with endoscopic transoral incisionless fundoplication (Robo cTIF) [1–3], which combines endoscopy and robotics to treat chronic GERD associated with large hiatal hernias (**> Fig. 1**).

In this procedure, the patient underwent robotic-assisted laparoscopic hernia repair followed by endoscopic transoral incisionless fundoplication during a single anesthetic session (► Video 1), complemented by a multifaceted intervention that included nutritional counseling and physical activity guidelines. Proton pump inhibitors (PPIs) were tapered off over 6 weeks. We conducted baseline and 3-month assessments to measure endoscopic changes, GERD Health-Related Quality of Life (GERD HRQL) [2], Reflux Symptom Index (RSI), and post-procedure gastrografin (Bracco Diagnostics Inc., Monroe Township, New Jersey, USA) imaging (► Fig. 2).

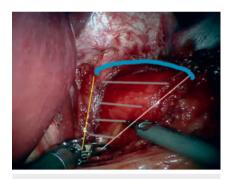
The procedure commenced with a robotic-assisted hiatal hernia repair cruraplasty capitalizing on the robot's precision, dexterity, and 3-dimensional visualization (**Fig.3**). This was followed by an endoscopic fundoplication using the TIF 2.0 device [4], to re-establish the gastroesophageal valve (**Fig.4**). The procedure was then supported by indocyanine green [5], ensuring tissue viability postprocedure (**Fig.5**).

Our procedure resulted in significant improvements in all evaluated outcomes from baseline to 3 months post-procedure. GERD HRQL scores greatly improved, dropping from 72 to 1 at 3 months post-procedure. Additionally, the RSI significantly declined from 24.0 to 2 at 3 months, indicating effective management of chronic GERD with hiatus hernia both objectively and subjectively. The patient experienced minimal postoperative pain, rapid recovery, and significant symptom improvement, which eliminated the need for PPIs.

In conclusion, the combined approach of robotic cruroplasty and TIF (Robo cTIF) successfully treated our 34-year-old patient. This method led to significant improvements in quality of life and reflux symptoms, with greatly reduced GERD-HRQL and RSI scores. The patient experi-



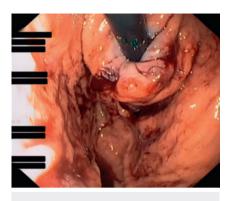
► **Fig. 2** Gastrografin study during swallow 3 months after the procedure.



▶ Fig. 3 Robotic surgery, hiatal dissection, and mobilizing the esophagus. The upper edge of the hiatal hernia (blue line), and right and left edges of the diaphragm (yellow and white lines) are shown, with the hiatal defect between (sectioned portion).

enced minimal postoperative pain, rapid recovery, and no longer requires PPIs. This highlights the potential of this technique for severe GERD cases with large hiatal hernias. However, the availability of this innovative approach may be limited to specific candidates who meet certain criteria and largely depends on receiving approval from local health systems.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AO_2AJ



► **Fig. 4** The gastroesophageal valve after transoral incisionless fundoplication.



► Fig. 5 The ribbon marks the gastroesophageal junction. Indocyanine green was used to detect flap-valve vascularity.

Conflict of Interest

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

The authors

Maryam Alkhatry^{1,2} Abdulwahid Alwahedi^{1,3}, Hayder Hammadi^{1,3}

- Department of Gastroenterology and Endoscopy, Emirates Health Services, Ras Al-Khaimah, United Arab Emirates
- 2 Gastroenterology Department, Ibrahim Bin Hamad Obaidullah Hospital, Ras Al Khaimah, United Arab Emirates
- 3 General Surgery Department, Al Qassimi Hospital, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates

Corresponding author

Maryam Alkhatry, MD

Emirate Health Services, Ibrahim Bin Hamad Obaidullah Hospital, Gastroenterology Department, Al Hudiabah St., Ras Al-Khaimah 72510, United Arab Emirates dr.maryam.alkhatry@gmail.com

References

- Glenn Michael Ihde II, Pena C, Scitern C et al. pH scores in hiatal repair with transoral incisionless fundoplication. JSLS 2019; 23: e2018.00087
- [2] Hopkins RJ, Irvine T, Jamieson GG et al. Long-term follow-up of two randomized trials comparing laparoscopic Nissen 360° with anterior 90° partial fundoplication. Br J Surg 2020; 107: 56–63
- [3] Choi AY, Roccato MK, Samarasena JB et al. Novel interdisciplinary approach to GERD: concomitant laparoscopic hiatal hernia repair with transoral incisionless fundoplication. J Am Coll Surg 2021; 232: 309–318
- [4] Janu P, Shughoury AB, Venkat K et al. Laparoscopic hiatal hernia repair followed by transoral incisionless fundoplication with EsophyX device (HH+TIF): efficacy and safety in two community hospitals. Surg Innovat 2019; 26: 675–686
- [5] Paraboschi I, Privitera L, Loukogeorgakis S et al. Fluorescence-guided surgery (FGS) during a laparoscopic redo Nissen fundoplication: the first case in children. Children (Basel) 2022; 9: 947

Bibliography

Endoscopy 2024; 56: E757–E758 DOI 10.1055/a-2387-3881 ISSN 0013-726X © 2024. The Author(s).

This is an open access article published by Thieme under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, permitting unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction so long as the original work is properly cited.

(https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/)

Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Rüdigerstraße 14,

70469 Stuttqart, Germany



ENDOSCOPY E-VIDEOS https://eref.thieme.de/e-videos



E-Videos is an open access online section of the journal *Endoscopy*, reporting on interesting cases

and new techniques in gastroenterological endoscopy. All papers include a high-quality video and are published with a Creative Commons CC-BY license. Endoscopy E-Videos qualify for HINARI discounts and waivers and eligibility is automatically checked during the submission process. We grant 100% waivers to articles whose corresponding authors are based in Group A countries and 50% waivers to those who are based in Group B countries as classified by Research4Life (see: https://www.research4life.org/access/eligibility/).

This section has its own submission website at https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/e-videos