

Peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM) has been accepted as an effective and safe therapeutic strategy for esophageal achalasia [1]. However, the submucosal tunnel cannot be established in some patients because of severe fibrosis caused by previous treatment [2].

A 68-year-old woman was admitted due to a 30-year history of progressive dysphagia and regurgitation. She was diagnosed with esophageal achalasia and had previously undergone two pneumatic balloon dilations, without significant improvement in symptoms. The esophagram revealed esophageal dilation and a "bird-beak" sign (**> Fig. 1**). Endoscopy revealed a massively dilated esophagus and narrow esophagogastric junction (EGJ) (**> Fig. 2**). POEM was planned.

Submucosal injections were administered 10 cm above the cardia, but resulted in no significant lift here or in other attempted injection sites. The submucosal adhesion in the esophagus was severe, making it impossible to establish a submucosal tunnel (> Fig. 3). A full-thickness incision of the esophageal wall was performed from the mucosal layer at 6 cm above the EGJ to create a mediastinal tunnel (> Video 1). Full-thickness myotomy started 5 cm above the EGJ and extended distally to 2 cm below the cardia in the mediastinal tunnel (> Fig. 4). The tunnel entrance was closed with six clips after hemostasis. A nasogastric tube was placed for decompression and monitoring.

The patient remained fasting and started a liquid diet after removing the nasogastric tube on postoperative day (POD) 3. She was able to take solid food on POD 5 and was discharged, uneventfully, on POD 7. A month later, endoscopy showed significant relaxation of the cardia (\triangleright Fig.5).

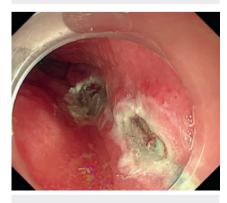
Peroral endoscopic mediastinal tunneling myotomy (POEMTM) is a novel technique combining POEM and laparoscopic Heller myotomy, using the mediastinum



Fig. 1 Barium esophagram before the procedure.



Fig.2 Endoscopy before the procedure.



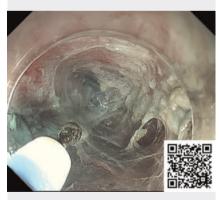
► Fig. 3 The submucosal tunnel could not be established due to severe submucosal fibrosis.



Fig. 4 Full-thickness myotomy in the mediastinal tunnel.



Fig. 5 Endoscopy after the procedure.



Video 1 Mediastinal dissection and tunneling.

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for operating entry. In this video, we report the first application of POEMTM for achalasia with difficult submucosal tunnel, which may indicate a minimally invasive, safe, and effective alternative.

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_TTT_1AO_2AG

Conflict of Interest

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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Endoscopy 2024; 56: E400–E401 DOI 10.1055/a-2308-2823 ISSN 0013-726X © 2024. The Author(s).

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