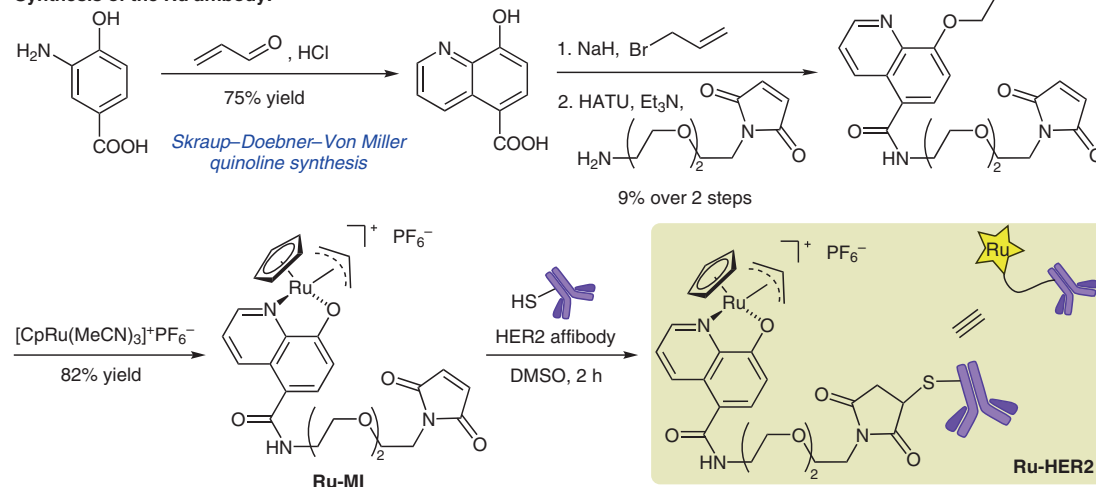
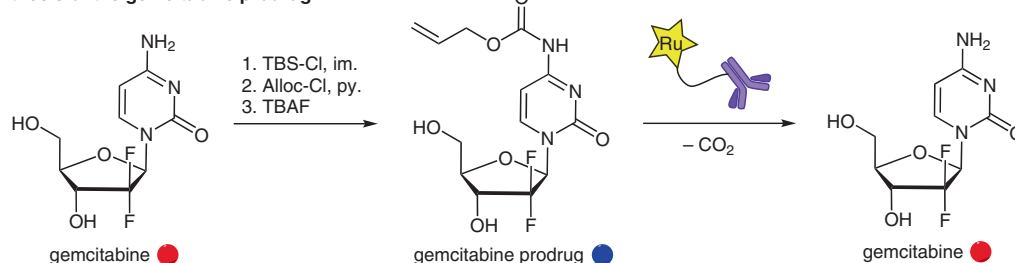


# Targeted Chemotherapy Using in Vivo Transition Metal Catalysis

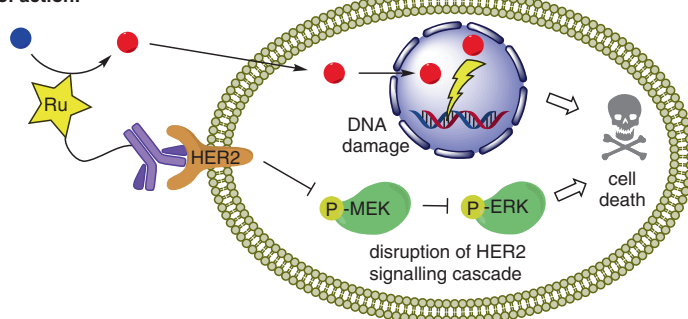
## Synthesis of the Ru affibody:



## Synthesis of the gemcitabine prodrug:



## Dual mechanism of action:



**Significance:** The human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2) is overexpressed in many cancer cell lines. The authors developed a ruthenium-containing affibody, **Ru-HER2**, with a dual mechanism of action. It selectively binds and blocks HER2, and locally activates a gemcitabine prodrug, resulting in high anticancer activities with reduced cytotoxicity for healthy cells.

**Comment:** The ruthenium-containing intermediate **Ru-MI** was coupled to a HER2 affibody in a 1:1 ratio using maleimide thiol chemistry. This construct was capable of uncaging allyloxy carbamate-protected gemcitabine in vitro and in vivo. The selective and controlled introduction of DNA damage caused by the uncaged gemcitabine in cancer cells opens a new strategy for catalytic chemotherapy.